

119TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. _____

To impose tariff-rate quotas on certain imports.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. CASSIDY introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To impose tariff-rate quotas on certain imports.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 “Home Market Restoration Act of 2026”.

6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
7 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS

Sec. 101. Tariff-rate quotas on shrimp.

Sec. 102. Tariff-rate quotas on honey.

Sec. 103. Tariff-rate quotas on crawfish products.

Sec. 104. Tariff-rate quotas on rice.

Sec. 105. Tariff-rate quotas on siluriformes fish fillets.

TITLE II—DUTY INCREASES AND TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS

Sec. 201. Duty increase and tariff-rate quotas on sheep and goat meat.

Sec. 202. Increase in duties on live bovine animals; tariff-rate quotas on beef.

Sec. 203. Adjustment for inflation; publication of rates.

1 TITLE I—TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS**2 SEC. 101. TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS ON SHRIMP.****3 (a) IN GENERAL.—**

4 (1) ARGENTINA.—In any calendar year, the ag-
5 gregate quantity of shrimp originating in Argentina
6 that may enter the United States at the rate of duty
7 specified in column 1 of the HTS is 13,063,460 kilo-
8 grams, of which not more than 11,113,013 kilo-
9 grams may be wild-caught warmwater shrimp.

10 (2) ECUADOR.—In any calendar year, the ag-
11 gregate quantity of shrimp originating in Ecuador
12 that may enter the United States at the rate of duty
13 specified in column 1 of the HTS is 181,164,793
14 kilograms, of which not more than 170,278,576 kilo-
15 grams may be farmed warmwater shrimp.

16 (3) INDIA.—In any calendar year, the aggre-
17 gate quantity of shrimp originating in India that
18 may enter the United States at the rate of duty
19 specified in column 1 of the HTS is 267,256,624
20 kilograms, of which—

21 (A) not more than 221,806,669 kilograms
22 may be farmed warmwater shrimp; and

1 (B) not more than 42,773,760 kilograms
2 may be frozen cooked shrimp.

3 (4) INDONESIA.—In any calendar year, the ag-
4 gregate quantity of shrimp originating in Indonesia
5 that may enter the United States at the rate of duty
6 specified in column 1 of the HTS is 126,461,553
7 kilograms, of which—

8 (A) not more than 77,791,091 kilograms
9 may be farmed warmwater shrimp;

10 (B) not more than 25,945,484 kilograms
11 may be frozen cooked shrimp; and

12 (C) not more than 21,500,278 kilograms
13 may be breaded shrimp.

14 (5) MEXICO.—In any calendar year, the aggre-
15 gate quantity of shrimp originating in Mexico that
16 may enter the United States at the rate of duty
17 specified in column 1 of the HTS is 13,199,538 kilo-
18 grams, of which—

19 (A) not more than 5,397,749 kilograms
20 may be wild-caught warmwater shrimp; and

21 (B) not more than 7,665,711 kilograms
22 may be farmed warmwater shrimp.

23 (6) PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.—In any
24 calendar year, the aggregate quantity of shrimp
25 originating in the People's Republic of China that

1 may enter the United States at the rate of duty
2 specified in column 1 of the HTS is 2,948,350 kilo-
3 grams, of which not more than 2,766,913 kilograms
4 may be breaded shrimp.

5 (7) THAILAND.—In any calendar year, the ag-
6 gregate quantity of shrimp originating in Thailand
7 that may enter the United States at the rate of duty
8 specified in column 1 of the HTS is 25,673,328 kilo-
9 grams, of which—

10 (A) not more than 7,711,070 kilograms
11 may be farmed warmwater shrimp;

12 (B) not more than 7,438,915 kilograms
13 may be frozen cooked shrimp; and

14 (C) not more than 8,981,129 kilograms
15 may be breaded shrimp.

16 (8) VIETNAM.—In any calendar year, the ag-
17 gregate quantity of shrimp originating in Vietnam
18 that may enter the United States at the rate of duty
19 specified in column 1 of the HTS is 58,876,290 kilo-
20 grams, of which—

21 (A) not more than 22,951,774 kilograms
22 may be farmed warmwater shrimp;

23 (B) not more than 21,182,764 kilograms
24 may be frozen cooked shrimp; and

1 (C) not more than 13,562,412 kilograms
2 may be breaded shrimp.

3 (9) OTHER COUNTRIES.—In any calendar year,
4 the aggregate quantity of shrimp originating in a
5 country not specified in any of paragraphs (1)
6 through (8) that may enter the United States at the
7 rate of duty specified in column 1 of the HTS is
8 2,721,554 kilograms.

9 (b) ABOVE-QUOTA DUTY RATE.—If, in a calendar
10 year, shrimp enters the United States in a quantity that
11 exceeds a limitation specified in subsection (a), the quan-
12 tity of shrimp in excess of that limitation shall be subject
13 to a rate of duty of 40 percent ad valorem, which shall
14 be in addition to any other duties applicable to the shrimp.

15 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

16 (1) BREADED SHRIMP.—The term “breaded
17 shrimp” means breaded shrimp classified under sta-
18 tistical reporting number 1605.21.1020 of the HTS.

19 (2) CANNED SHRIMP.—The term “canned
20 shrimp” means non-frozen cooked shrimp classified
21 under statistical reporting number 1605.29.1040 of
22 the HTS.

23 (3) COLDWATER SHRIMP.—The term
24 “coldwater shrimp” means the following:

1 (A) Frozen coldwater shrimp classified
2 under subheading 0306.16.00 of the HTS.

3 (B) Fresh coldwater shrimp classified
4 under subheading 0306.35.00 of the HTS.

5 (4) FARMED WARMWATER SHRIMP.—The term
6 “farmed warmwater shrimp” means the following:

7 (A) Frozen farmed warmwater shell-on
8 shrimp classified under statistical reporting
9 number 0306.17.0004, 0306.17.0005,
10 0306.17.0007, 0306.17.0008, 0306.17.0010,
11 0306.17.0011, 0306.17.0013, 0306.17.0014, or
12 0306.17.0016 of the HTS.

13 (B) Frozen peeled farmed warmwater
14 shrimp classified under statistical reporting
15 number 0306.17.0041 of the HTS.

16 (5) FROZEN COOKED SHRIMP.—The term “fro-
17 zen cooked shrimp” means frozen cooked shrimp
18 classified under statistical reporting number
19 1605.21.1030 or 1605.29.1010 of the HTS.

20 (6) HTS.—The term “HTS” means the Har-
21 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

22 (7) “OTHER” SHRIMP.—The term “‘other’
23 shrimp” means the following:

1 (A) Fresh, shell-on warmwater shrimp
2 classified under subheading 0306.36.00 of the
3 HTS.

4 (B) Dried, shell-on shrimp classified under
5 subheading 0306.95.00 of the HTS.

6 (8) SHRIMP.—The term “shrimp” means—

7 (A) breaded shrimp;

8 (B) canned shrimp;

9 (C) coldwater shrimp;

10 (D) farmed warmwater shrimp;

11 (E) frozen cooked shrimp;

12 (F) “other” shrimp;

13 (G) shrimp imported as part of prepared
14 meals; and

15 (H) wild-caught warmwater shrimp.

16 (9) SHRIMP IMPORTED AS PART OF PREPARED
17 MEALS.—The term “shrimp imported as part of pre-
18 pared meals” means shrimp classified under sub-
19 heading 1605.21.05 or 1605.29.05 of the HTS.

20 (10) WILD-CAUGHT WARMWATER SHRIMP.—

21 The term “wild-caught warmwater shrimp” means
22 the following:

23 (A) Frozen wild-caught warmwater shell-on
24 shrimp classified under statistical reporting
25 number 0306.17.0017, 0306.17.0019,

1 0306.17.0020, 0306.17.0022, 0306.17.0023,
2 0306.17.0025, 0306.17.0026, 0306.17.0028, or
3 0306.17.0029 of the HTS.

4 (B) Frozen peeled wild-caught warmwater
5 shrimp classified under statistical reporting
6 number 0306.17.0042 of the HTS.

7 **SEC. 102. TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS ON HONEY.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—In any calendar quarter, the ag-
9 gregate quantity of honey that may enter the United
10 States at the rate of duty specified in column 1 of the
11 HTS is 39,235,740 kilograms.

12 (b) COUNTRY ALLOCATIONS.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The aggregate quantity of
14 honey originating in a country that may enter the
15 United States at the rate of duty specified in column
16 1 of the HTS in a calendar quarter—

17 (A) shall be determined based on the per-
18 centage of the total quantity of honey imported
19 into the United States during the base period
20 that originated in the country, rounded to the
21 nearest $\frac{1}{10}$ percent; and

22 (B) may not exceed 25 percent of the
23 quantity of honey permitted to enter the United
24 States in that calendar quarter.

25 (2) SUBCATEGORIES.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—The aggregate quantity
2 of honey determined for a country under para-
3 graph (1) shall be subdivided into limitations on
4 imports of the following categories, which shall
5 be determined based on the percentage of im-
6 ports of each such category from that country
7 in 2020:

8 (i) Certified organic honey.

9 (ii) Comb honey and honey packaged
10 for retail sale.

11 (iii) Extra light amber or lighter
12 honey.

13 (iv) Light amber or darker honey.

14 (B) TREATMENT OF HONEY SYRUP.—
15 Honey syrup entering the United States during
16 a calendar quarter shall be counted against the
17 limitation for extra light amber or lighter honey
18 under subparagraph (A)(iii).

19 (3) PUBLICATION OF LIMITATIONS.—The Com-
20 missioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection
21 shall publish on a publicly accessible website of U.S.
22 Customs and Border Protection the limitations de-
23 termined under paragraphs (1) and (2) for each
24 country.

1 (c) REQUIREMENT FOR EXPORT LICENSES.—Honey
2 may not be imported into the United States from a coun-
3 try unless the exporter obtains a license from the customs
4 authority of that country for the exportation of the honey
5 to the United States that specifies the exporter's share
6 of the aggregate quantity of honey originating in the coun-
7 try that may, under subsection (b)(1), enter the United
8 States at the rate of duty specified in column 1 of the
9 HTS in a calendar quarter.

10 (d) ABOVE-QUOTA DUTY RATE.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—If, in a calendar quarter,
12 honey enters the United States in a quantity that
13 exceeds a limitation imposed under subsection (a) or
14 (b), the quantity of honey in excess of that limita-
15 tion shall be subject to a rate of duty determined
16 under paragraph (2).

17 (2) DETERMINATION OF DUTY RATE.—The rate
18 of duty for honey entering the United States in ex-
19 cess of a limitation imposed under subsection (a) or
20 (b) shall be the difference between the commercial
21 landed value of the honey (as determined by the Sec-
22 retary of Agriculture) and the average cost of pro-
23 duction of honey in the United States.

24 (e) APPLICATION OF OTHER DUTIES.—Imports of
25 honey, whether or not in excess of a limitation imposed

1 under subsection (a) or (b), shall, in addition to any duties
2 under this section, be subject to all duties applicable to
3 the honey under any other provision of law, including anti-
4 dumping or countervailing duties under title VII of the
5 Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677 et seq.).

6 (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

7 (1) BASE PERIOD.—The term “base period”
8 means the period beginning January 1, 2018, and
9 ending December 31, 2023.

10 (2) CALENDAR QUARTER.—The term “calendar
11 quarter” means each of the following 3-month peri-
12 ods in a calendar year:

13 (A) The period beginning on January 1
14 and ending on March 31.

15 (B) The period beginning on April 1 and
16 ending on June 30.

17 (C) The period beginning on July 1 and
18 ending on September 30.

19 (D) The period beginning on October 1
20 and ending on December 31.

21 (3) CERTIFIED ORGANIC HONEY.—The term
22 “certified organic honey” means honey classified
23 under statistical reporting number 0409.00.0005 of
24 the HTS.

1 (6) EXTRA LIGHT AMBER OR LIGHTER
2 HONEY.—The term “extra light amber or lighter
3 honey” means honey classified under statistical re-
4 porting number 0409.00.0035 or 0409.00.0045 of
5 the HTS.

6 (7) HONEY.—

7 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “honey”
8 means—

9 (i) all honey classified under heading
10 0409 of the HTS; and

11 (ii) sugar syrups containing honey
12 classified under subheading 2106.90.99 of
13 the HTS.

14 (B) DETERMINATION OF WEIGHT.—In de-
15 termining the weight of a syrup described in
16 subparagraph (A)(ii) for purposes of this sec-
17 tion, the full weight of the syrup shall be used.

18 (8) HONEY SYRUP.—

19 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “honey
20 syrup” means any mixture of honey and other
21 sugars or sweeteners classified under sub-
22 heading 2106.90.99 of the HTS.

23 (B) DETERMINATION OF WEIGHT.—In de-
24 termining the weight of a syrup described in

1 subparagraph (A) for purposes of this section,
2 the full weight of the syrup shall be used.

3 (9) HTS.—The term “HTS” means the Har-
4 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

5 (10) LIGHT AMBER OR DARKER HONEY.—The
6 term “light amber or darker honey” means honey
7 classified under statistical reporting number
8 0409.00.0056 or 0409.00.0065 of the HTS.

9 **SEC. 103. TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS ON CRAWFISH PRODUCTS.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—

11 (1) EGYPT.—In any calendar year, the aggre-
12 gate quantity of crawfish products originating in
13 Egypt that may enter the United States at the rate
14 of duty specified in subsection (b) is 635,030 kilo-
15 grams.

16 (2) JAPAN.—In any calendar year, the aggre-
17 gate quantity of crawfish products originating in
18 Japan that may enter the United States at the rate
19 of duty specified in subsection (b) is 100,924 kilo-
20 grams.

21 (3) PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.—In any
22 calendar year, the aggregate quantity of crawfish
23 products originating in the People’s Republic of
24 China that may enter the United States at the rate

1 of duty specified in subsection (b) is 3,719,462 kilo-
2 grams.

3 (4) SPAIN.—In any calendar year, the aggre-
4 gate quantity of crawfish products originating in
5 Spain that may enter the United States at the rate
6 of duty specified in subsection (b) is 725,749 kilo-
7 grams.

8 (5) VIETNAM.—In any calendar year, the ag-
9 gregate quantity of crawfish products originating in
10 Vietnam that may enter the United States at the
11 rate of duty specified in subsection (b) is 63,503
12 kilograms.

13 (6) OTHER COUNTRIES.—In any calendar year,
14 the aggregate quantity of crawfish products origi-
15 nating in all countries not specified in any of para-
16 graphs (1) through (5) that may enter the United
17 States at the rate of duty specified in subsection (b)
18 is 7,258 kilograms.

19 (b) IN-QUOTA RATE.—The rate of duty applicable to
20 the quantity of crawfish products entering the United
21 States below an applicable limitation under subsection (a)
22 shall be—

23 (1) with respect to crawfish products origi-
24 nating in Egypt, the People's Republic of China,
25 Spain, or Vietnam, 302.53 percent ad valorem; and

1 (2) with respect to crawfish products origi-
2 nating in Japan or any country not specified in any
3 of paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (a),
4 151.27 percent ad valorem.

5 (c) ABOVE-QUOTA RATE.—The rate of the duty appli-
6 cable to the quantity of crawfish products entering the
7 United States in excess of an applicable limitation under
8 subsection (a) shall be—

9 (1) with respect to crawfish products origi-
10 nating in Egypt, the People’s Republic of China,
11 Spain, or Vietnam, 402.53 percent ad valorem; and

12 (2) with respect to crawfish products origi-
13 nating in Japan or any country not specified in any
14 of paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (a),
15 251.27 percent ad valorem.

16 (d) APPLICATION OF OTHER DUTIES.—Imports of
17 crawfish products, whether or not in excess of a limitation
18 under subsection (a), shall, in addition to any duties im-
19 posed under this section, be subject to all duties applicable
20 to the products under any other provision of law, including
21 antidumping or countervailing duties under title VII of the
22 Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677 et seq.).

23 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

24 (1) CRAWFISH PRODUCT.—The term “crawfish
25 product” means any of the following:

1 (A) Frozen freshwater crawfish, or flours,
2 meals, and pellets fit for human consumption,
3 classified under statistical reporting number
4 0309.90.3000 of the HTS.

5 (B) Freshwater crawfish, including in
6 shell, cooked by steaming or boiling, frozen,
7 classified under statistical reporting number
8 0306.19.0110 of the HTS.

9 (C) Flours, meals, and pellets of frozen
10 freshwater crawfish, fit for human consump-
11 tion, classified under statistical reporting num-
12 ber 0309.90.1010 of the HTS.

13 (D) Peeled freshwater crawfish tail meat,
14 prepared or preserved, classified under statis-
15 tical reporting number 1605.40.1010 of the
16 HTS.

17 (2) HTS.—The term “HTS” means the Har-
18 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

19 **SEC. 104. TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS ON RICE.**

20 (a) AGGREGATE LIMITATION.—In calendar year
21 2028 and each calendar year thereafter, the aggregate
22 quantity of rice that may enter the United States at the
23 rate of duty specified in column 1 of the HTS during that
24 calendar year may not exceed a quantity that is equal to
25 10 percent of the total quantity of rice used in the United

1 States during the previous marketing year, as reported by
2 the World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates re-
3 port published by the Department of Agriculture.

4 (b) COUNTRY LIMITATIONS.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—In calendar year 2028 and
6 each calendar year thereafter—

7 (A) the aggregate quantity of rice origi-
8 nating in India that may enter the United
9 States at the rate of duty specified in column
10 1 of the HTS is a quantity not to exceed 12
11 percent of the aggregate limitation under sub-
12 section (a);

13 (B) the aggregate quantity of rice origi-
14 nating in Pakistan that may enter the United
15 States at the rate of duty specified in column
16 1 of the HTS is a quantity not to exceed 14
17 percent of the aggregate limitation under sub-
18 section (a);

19 (C) the aggregate quantity of rice origi-
20 nating in Thailand that may enter the United
21 States at the rate of duty specified in column
22 1 of the HTS is a quantity not to exceed 58
23 percent of the aggregate limitation under sub-
24 section (a);

1 (D) the aggregate quantity of rice origi-
2 nating in Vietnam that may enter the United
3 States at the rate of duty specified in column
4 1 of the HTS is a quantity not to exceed 2 per-
5 cent of the aggregate limitation under sub-
6 section (a); and

7 (E) the aggregate quantity of rice origi-
8 nating in all countries (subject to subsection
9 (g)), in the aggregate, not specified in any of
10 subparagraphs (A) through (D) that may enter
11 the United States at the rate of duty specified
12 in column 1 of the HTS is 14 percent of the
13 aggregate limitation under subsection (a).

14 (2) REALLOCATION AUTHORITY.—If the Sec-
15 retary of Agriculture determines that the aggregate
16 quantity of rice originating in a country specified in
17 any of subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph
18 (1) entering the United States in a calendar year
19 will be less than the limitation applicable to the
20 country under that paragraph, the Secretary may in-
21 crease the limitation for all countries under subpara-
22 graph (E) of that paragraph by the quantity by
23 which the limitation applicable to the country ex-
24 ceeds the quantity of rice originating in the country
25 and entering the United States during that year.

1 (c) TRANSITION RULE FOR CALENDAR YEAR
2 2027.—In calendar year 2027—

3 (1) the aggregate quantity of rice originating in
4 India that may enter the United States at the rate
5 of duty specified in column 1 of the HTS is
6 49,000,000 kilograms;

7 (2) the aggregate quantity of rice originating in
8 Pakistan that may enter the United States at the
9 rate of duty specified in column 1 of the HTS is
10 14,000,000 kilograms;

11 (3) the aggregate quantity of rice originating in
12 the People’s Republic of China that may enter the
13 United States at the rate of duty specified in column
14 1 of the HTS is 11,000,000 kilograms;

15 (4) the aggregate quantity of rice originating in
16 Thailand that may enter the United States at the
17 rate of duty specified in column 1 of the HTS is
18 129,000,000 kilograms;

19 (5) the aggregate quantity of rice originating in
20 Vietnam that may enter the United States at the
21 rate of duty specified in column 1 of the HTS is
22 4,400,000 kilograms; and

23 (6) the aggregate quantity of rice originating in
24 all countries, in the aggregate, not specified in any
25 of paragraphs (1) through (5) that may enter the

1 United States at the rate of duty specified in column
2 1 of the HTS is 24,000,000 kilograms.

3 (d) ABOVE-QUOTA RATE.—Subject to subsections (e)
4 and (f), the rate of the duty applicable to the quantity
5 of rice entering the United States in a calendar year in
6 excess of an applicable limitation under subsection (b) or
7 (c) shall be 65 percent ad valorem.

8 (e) ADDITIONAL SAFEGUARD.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—If the aggregate quantity of
10 rice entering the United States from a country speci-
11 fied in any of subparagraphs (A) through (D) of
12 subsection (b)(1) in a calendar year exceeds the
13 quantity for that country specified in paragraph (2),
14 the rate of duty applicable to the quantity of rice en-
15 tering the United States from that country in excess
16 of the quantity specified in paragraph (2) shall be
17 130 percent ad valorem.

18 (2) QUANTITY SPECIFIED.—The quantity speci-
19 fied in this paragraph is 120 percent of the limita-
20 tion applicable to the country for a calendar year
21 under subsection (b) or (c), as applicable.

22 (f) APPLICATION OF OTHER DUTIES.—Imports of
23 rice, whether or not in excess of a limitation under sub-
24 section (b) or (c), shall, in addition to any duties imposed
25 under this section, be subject to all duties applicable to

1 the products under any other provision of law, including
2 antidumping or countervailing duties under title VII of the
3 Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677 et seq.).

4 (g) EXCLUSION OF IMPORTS FROM CANADA AND
5 MEXICO.—This section shall not apply to rice that quali-
6 fies as an originating good under section 202 of the
7 United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement Implementation
8 Act (19 U.S.C. 4531).

9 (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

10 (1) HTS.—The term “HTS” means the Har-
11 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

12 (2) RICE.—The term “rice” means—

13 (A) rice classified under heading 1006 of
14 the HTS; and

15 (B) rice flour classified under subheading
16 1102.90.25 of the HTS.

17 **SEC. 105. TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS ON SILURIFORMES FISH**
18 **FILLETS.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—

20 (1) PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.—In any
21 calendar year, the aggregate quantity of siluriformes
22 fish fillets originating in the People’s Republic of
23 China that may enter the United States at the rate
24 of duty specified in subsection (b) is 5,800,000 kilo-
25 grams.

1 (2) VIETNAM.—In any calendar year, the ag-
2 gregate quantity of siluriformes fish fillets origi-
3 nating in Vietnam that may enter the United States
4 at the rate of duty specified in subsection (b) is
5 84,000,000 kilograms.

6 (3) OTHER COUNTRIES.—In any calendar year,
7 the aggregate quantity of siluriformes fish fillets
8 originating in all countries not specified in para-
9 graph (1) or (2) that may enter the United States
10 at the rate of duty specified in subsection (b) is
11 45,000 kilograms.

12 (b) IN-QUOTA RATE.—The rate of duty applicable to
13 the quantity of siluriformes fish entering the United
14 States below an applicable limitation under subsection (a)
15 shall be 50 percent ad valorem.

16 (c) ABOVE-QUOTA RATE.—The rate of the duty appli-
17 cable to the quantity of siluriformes fish fillets entering
18 the United States in excess of an applicable limitation
19 under subsection (a) shall be 200 percent ad valorem.

20 (d) APPLICATION OF OTHER DUTIES.—Imports of
21 siluriformes fish fillets, whether or not in excess of a limi-
22 tation under subsection (a), shall, in addition to any duties
23 imposed under this section, be subject to all duties applica-
24 ble to the products under any other provision of law, in-

1 cluding antidumping or countervailing duties under title
 2 VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677 et seq.).

3 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 (1) HTS.—The term “HTS” means the Har-
 5 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

6 (2) SILURIFORMES FISH FILLET.—The term
 7 “siluriformes fish fillet” means a frozen fillet of
 8 siluriformes fish classified under subheading
 9 0304.62.00 the HTS.

10 **TITLE II—DUTY INCREASES AND**
 11 **TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS**

12 **SEC. 201. DUTY INCREASE AND TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS ON**
 13 **SHEEP AND GOAT MEAT.**

14 (a) INCREASE IN COLUMN 1 DUTY RATE.—Chapter
 15 2 of the HTS is amended by striking the rates of the duty
 16 in the column 1 general and special rate of duty columns
 17 and inserting “\$2.76/kg” in each of the following sub-
 18 headings:

0204.10.00	0204.23.40	0204.42.40
0204.21.00	0204.30.00	0204.43.20
0204.22.20	0204.41.00	0204.43.40
0204.22.40	0204.42.20	0204.50.00
0204.23.20	

19 (b) TARIFF-RATE QUOTA.—The aggregate quantity
 20 of sheep or goat meat that may enter the United States
 21 at the rate of duty specified in column 1 of the HTS, as
 22 amended by subsection (a), is—

1 (1) in calendar year 2027, 133,809,749 kilo-
2 grams;

3 (2) in calendar year 2028, 124,737,902 kilo-
4 grams;

5 (3) in calendar year 2029, 116,573,239 kilo-
6 grams;

7 (4) in calendar year 2030, 108,862,169 kilo-
8 grams;

9 (5) in calendar year 2031, 101,604,691 kilo-
10 grams;

11 (6) in calendar year 2032, 94,800,805 kilo-
12 grams;

13 (7) in calendar year 2033, 88,450,512 kilo-
14 grams;

15 (8) in calendar year 2034, 82,553,811 kilo-
16 grams;

17 (9) in calendar year 2035, 77,110,703 kilo-
18 grams; and

19 (10) in calendar year 2036, 72,121,187 kilo-
20 grams.

21 (c) ABOVE-QUOTA DUTY RATE.—If, in a calendar
22 year, sheep or goat meat enters the United States in a
23 quantity that exceeds the applicable limitation imposed
24 under subsection (b), the quantity of sheep or goat meat

1 in excess of that limitation shall be subject to a rate of
 2 duty of \$11.02 per kilogram.

3 (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 (1) HTS.—The term “HTS” means the Har-
 5 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

6 (2) SHEEP OR GOAT MEAT.—The term “sheep
 7 or goat meat” means all meat of sheep or goats clas-
 8 sified under subheadings 0204.10.00 through
 9 0204.50.00 of the HTS.

10 **SEC. 202. INCREASE IN DUTIES ON LIVE BOVINE ANIMALS;**
 11 **TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS ON BEEF.**

12 (a) LIVE BOVINE ANIMALS.—

13 (1) INCREASE IN DUTIES.—Chapter 1 of the
 14 HTS is amended by striking the rate of the duty in
 15 the column 1 general and special rate of duty col-
 16 umns and inserting “25%” in each of the following
 17 subheadings:

0102.21.00	0102.29.40	0102.39.00
0102.29.20	0102.31.00	0102.90.00

18 (2) TARIFF-RATE QUOTA.—The aggregate
 19 quantity of live large bovines that may enter the
 20 United States in a calendar year at the rate of duty
 21 specified in column 1 of the HTS, as amended by
 22 paragraph (1), is 1,500,000.

1 (3) ABOVE-QUOTA DUTY RATE.—If, in a cal-
 2 endar year, live large bovines enter the United
 3 States in a quantity that exceeds the limitation im-
 4 posed under paragraph (2), the quantity of live large
 5 bovines in excess of that limitation shall be subject
 6 to a rate of duty of 50 percent ad valorem.

7 (b) BEEF.—

8 (1) INCREASE IN DUTIES.—Chapter 1 of the
 9 HTS is amended by striking the rate of the duty in
 10 the column 1 general and special rate of duty col-
 11 umns and inserting “\$1.68/kg” in each of the fol-
 12 lowing subheadings:

0201.10.05	0201.30.06	0202.20.30
0201.10.10	0201.30.10	0202.20.50
0201.10.50	0201.30.30	0202.20.80
0201.20.02	0201.30.50	0202.30.02
0201.20.04	0201.30.80	0202.30.04
0201.20.06	0202.10.05	0202.30.06
0201.20.10	0202.10.10	0202.30.10
0201.20.30	0202.10.50	0202.30.30
0201.20.50	0202.20.02	0202.30.50
0201.20.80	0202.20.04	0202.30.80
0201.30.02	0202.20.06	
0201.30.04	0202.20.10	

13 (2) TARIFF-RATE QUOTAS ON BEEF.—

14 (A) IN GENERAL.—

15 (i) ARGENTINA.—In any calendar
 16 year, the aggregate quantity of beef origi-
 17 nating in Argentina that may enter the
 18 United States at the rate of duty specified
 19 in column 1 of the HTS, as amended by
 20 paragraph (1), is 9,330,270 kilograms.

1 (ii) AUSTRALIA.—In any calendar
2 year, the aggregate quantity of beef origi-
3 nating in Australia that may enter the
4 United States at the rate of duty specified
5 in column 1 of the HTS, as amended by
6 paragraph (1), is 85,921,160 kilograms.

7 (iii) CANADA.—In any calendar year,
8 the aggregate quantity of beef originating
9 in Canada that may enter the United
10 States at the rate of duty specified in col-
11 umn 1 of the HTS, as amended by para-
12 graph (1), is 130,309,410 kilograms.

13 (iv) MEXICO.—In any calendar year,
14 the aggregate quantity of beef originating
15 in Mexico that may enter the United
16 States at the rate of duty specified in col-
17 umn 1 of the HTS, as amended by para-
18 graph (1), is 96,635,420 kilograms.

19 (v) NEW ZEALAND.—In any calendar
20 year, the aggregate quantity of beef origi-
21 nating in New Zealand that may enter the
22 United States at the rate of duty specified
23 in column 1 of the HTS, as amended by
24 paragraph (1), is 64,431,030 kilograms.

1 (vi) URUGUAY.—In any calendar year,
2 the aggregate quantity of beef originating
3 in Uruguay that may enter the United
4 States at the rate of duty specified in col-
5 umn 1 of the HTS, as amended by para-
6 graph (1), is 19,591,710 kilograms.

7 (vii) OTHER COUNTRIES.—In any cal-
8 endar year, the aggregate quantity of beef
9 originating in all countries not specified in
10 any of clauses (i) through (vi) that may
11 enter the United States at the rate speci-
12 fied in paragraph (2) is 65,005,000 kilo-
13 grams.

14 (B) ABOVE-QUOTA RATE.—In the case of
15 beef originating in a country specified in any of
16 clauses (i) through (vi) of subparagraph (A),
17 the rate of the duty applicable to the quantity
18 of beef entering the United States in excess of
19 the applicable limitation under subparagraph
20 (A) shall be \$6.55 per kilogram.

21 (C) IMPORTS FROM OTHER COUNTRIES.—
22 In the case of beef originating in a country not
23 specified in any of clauses (i) through (vi) of
24 subparagraph (A), no quantity of beef may

1 enter the United States in excess of the limita-
2 tion under clause (vii) of that subparagraph.

3 (c) APPLICATION OF OTHER DUTIES.—Imports of
4 live bovine animals and beef, whether or not in excess of
5 a limitation under subsection (a) or (b), shall, in addition
6 to any duties imposed under this section or an amendment
7 made by this section, be subject to all duties applicable
8 to the beef or animals under any other provision of law,
9 including antidumping or countervailing duties under title
10 VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677 et seq.).

11 (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

12 (1) BEEF.—The term “beef” means meat of
13 bovine animals classified under heading 0201 or
14 0202 of the HTS.

15 (2) HTS.—The term “HTS” means the Har-
16 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

17 (3) LIVE BOVINE ANIMAL.—The term “live bo-
18 vine animal” means an animal classified under head-
19 ing 0102 of the HTS.

20 **SEC. 203. ADJUSTMENT FOR INFLATION; PUBLICATION OF**
21 **RATES.**

22 (a) ADJUSTMENT FOR INFLATION.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall adjust
24 the rates of duty expressed as a dollar amount in
25 subsections (a) and (c) of section 201 and para-

1 graphs (1) and (2) of section 202(b) on October 1,
2 2027, and at the beginning of each fiscal year there-
3 after, to reflect the percentage (if any) of the in-
4 crease in the average of the Consumer Price Index
5 for the preceding 12-month period compared to the
6 Consumer Price Index for fiscal year 2026.

7 (2) SPECIAL RULE FOR CALCULATION OF AD-
8 JUSTMENT.—In adjusting an amount under para-
9 graph (1), the President shall round the amount of
10 any increase in the Consumer Price Index to the
11 nearest cent.

12 (3) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX DEFINED.—In
13 this subsection, the term “Consumer Price Index”
14 means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Con-
15 sumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics
16 of the Department of Labor.

17 (b) PUBLICATION OF RATES.—The Commissioner of
18 U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall publish the
19 rates of duty for each fiscal year, as adjusted under sub-
20 section (a), on a publicly accessible website of U.S. Cus-
21 toms and Border Protection.